

ONCE A DAY - Visual inspection of battery charge LED.

ONCE A MONTH - Each unit should be energised from its battery for about 15 minutes by simulation of a failure of the normal lighting supply to ensure the light source operates in the emergency condition.

ONCE A YEAR - Each unit should be energised from its battery for the full rated duration. Inspect the light source and ensure they all operate correctly. All individual LEDs should operate and appear to be similar colour and brightness. If the ends of a fluorescent lamp are blackened, replace immediately. It is recommended that for maintained luminaires, the light source is replaced at intervals of no more than once a year in order to retain the design photometric characteristics.

NB: Failure to achieve rated duration after the corresponding recharge period indicates that the batteries have reached the end of their useful life and they should be replaced immediately. Batteries have a typical life expectancy of four to five year. Old batteries should be handled by specialist waste disposal experts, and under no circumstances should they be pierced or incinerated.

DALI/SELF-TEST LUMINAIRES ONLY

The luminaire will adopt a self-test (automatic test) mode if it is not connected to a DALI bus, or the DALI communication is missing. On completion of the self-commissioning check, the self-test program starts with the first function and duration tests. These tests will be carried out after randomly generated delay times. The initial function test randomly generated between 0 and 7 days, and the initial duration test randomly generated between 4 and 52 weeks.

Subsequent function and duration tests then randomly occur at intervals of 7 days and 52 weeks respectively.

DALI/Self-test luminaires will respond to DALI commands from a suitable control unit. These commands can be used to initiate function and duration tests at prescribed times. The status flags for the luminaire are set after a test, for reporting and logging of the results.

DALI /Self-test luminaire local bi-colour LED indicator status

Green LED	Permanently on	System OK/mains operation
	Slow flash	mode Duration test/commissioning
	Fast flash	Function test
Red LED	Permanently on	LED luminaire fault
	Slow flash	Battery/test failure
	Fast flash	Battery charging failure

Slow flash – a flash every 2 seconds. Fast flash – a flash every 0.5 second



Egress 65 Installation Leaflet



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July 2024 - Rev B

INTRODUCTION

This emergency luminaire range is suitable for semi-flush or surface mounting and for use indoors and outdoors (no Exit Blade). There is a choice of white LED or conventional 8 Watt fluorescent light sources. They are available in mains only or 3 hour maintained emergency operation, with the maintained version having Self-test and DALI options.

SPECIFICATION

Supply Voltage: 220 - 240V A.C, 50Hz

Supply Current: < 61mA

Nominal Power: 4.2W; or 15.5W fitting dependant

Ambient temperature range: 0°C to 25°C

Environmental protection: IP65 (IP21 Blade Exit)

Battery: 3.2V 18650 Lithium Iron Phosphate 1.8Ah rechargeable battery.

These LED luminaires use long life white LED's as a non-user replaceable light source, so the light source contained in this luminaire shall only be replaced by the manufacturer or his service agent or a similar qualified person

INSTALLATION

The emergency luminaire must be installed in accordance with current building and wiring regulations by a qualified person, and suitable tests on the completed luminaire must be carried out to ensure compliance to relevant standards.

1. Remove the diffuser from the body using the two crosshead screws (the diffuser also clips onto the body to assist assembly in the ceiling. If necessary insert a screwdriver into one end and gently prise the diffuser away).
2. Release gear tray by undoing the two screws and hinging the gear tray down.
3. Fix base into suitable cut-out in the ceiling cleared an access hole in the body for the cable. Turn the cross head screws at each end so the fixing arms swing out and clamp down to the mounting surface.
4. Wire up the luminaire in accordance with wiring regulations. An unswitched 240V A.C. supply must be connected to the Live, Earth (E) and Neutral (N) terminals on the PCB. On Maintained variants switched illumination is provided by connecting a switched Live.
5. Plug battery lead into connector on PCB for emergency versions.
6. Hinge the gear tray back into the base and secure with two screws.
7. Refit diffuser and tighten screws carefully to ensure a good seal.
8. Check operation – restore A.C. supply. On emergency versions check the indicator LED is 'on'. Leave for 30 minutes, remove power and the lamp should illuminate for a few seconds.
9. Restore the A.C. supply and check lamp operates on mains and maintained versions.

NB: At end of life, product must be recycled. Any batteries should be removed and returned to the producer or accredited recycling centre. Light sources should be removed and sent to a RECOLITE centre. The luminaire enclosure should be sent to a LUMICOM centre. Do not incinerate or send to land fill.

OPERATION

The emergency luminaires should be connected to the mains supply for a minimum of 24 hours before operating in emergency as the batteries need to be fully charged before they will provide their full rated duration. (NOTE DALI/Self-test luminaires have a self-commissioning mode which charges the battery, does a full duration test and then re-charges the battery).

EMERGENCY OPERATION

NON-MAINTAINED – Emergency light source is normally off and battery charging (LED indicator 'on') when the A.C. supply is healthy. Solid state circuitry automatically switches the LEDs on when the A.C. supply is interrupted.

MAINTAINED – Emergency light source is normally on (may be switched using switched supply). The battery is charging (LED indicator 'on'). Light source will switch on or remain on if A.C. supply is interrupted.

MONITORING - Green LED indicator normally continuously 'on'. Indicator goes out if A.C. supply or charger fails.

FAULT FINDING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION:

MONITORING LED NOT ILLUMINATED - A.C. supply is unhealthy. Battery not connected. Charger failed.

UNIT NOT MEETING REQUIRED EMERGENCY PERIOD - May need cycling: discharge then recharge for full 24 hours. Retest luminaire. Battery pack may need replacing if emergency duration still not met.

LIGHT SOURCE NOT FULLY ILLUMINATED - If the light output is of abnormally low level, either the battery pack or (less likely) the printed circuit board needs replacing. If fluorescent tube ends blackened, replace tube.

TESTING

RECOMMENDED ROUTINE TEST PROCEDURE:

The following test is designed to ensure the continued protection of your premises and occupants. Because of the possibility of a failure of the normal lighting supply occurring shortly after a period of testing, all tests should whenever possible, be undertaken at times of least risk, e.g. during daylight hours.